- 1. A scanning exposure apparatus in which a substrate
- 2 is exposed by synchronously moving a mask and the substrate,
- 3 the apparatus comprising:
- 4 a beam source which emits pulses of an exposure beam
- 5 in response to trigger signals output at predetermined time
- 6 intervals;
- 7 a projection system disposed in a path of the exposure
- 8 beam from the beam source and which projects an image of a
- 9 pattern formed on the mask onto the substrate, the mask to
- 10 be disposed on one side of the projection system and the
- 11 substrate to be disposed on another side thereof;
- a stage disposed on the one side or the other side of
- 13 the projection system and which is movable in a scanning
- 14 direction while holding the mask or the substrate,
- 15 respectively; and
- a interferometer operatively connected to the stage
- 17 and which outputs a measurement value corresponding to
- 18 positional information of the stage in the scanning
- 19 direction;
- 20 wherein a start timing of the output of the trigger
- 21 signals is controlled based on the measurement value from
- 22 the interferometer.

- 1 2. A scanning exposure apparatus in which a substrate
- 2 is exposed by synchronously moving a mask and the substrate,
- 3 the apparatus comprising:
- a beam source which emits pulses of an exposure beam
- 5 in response to trigger signals output at predetermined time
- 6 intervals;
- 7 a projection system disposed in a path of the exposure
- 8 beam from the beam source and which projects an image of a
- 9 pattern formed on the mask onto the substrate, the mask to
- 10 be disposed on one side of the projection system and the
- 11 substrate to be disposed on another side thereof;
- 12 a stage disposed on the one side or the other side of
- 13 the projection system and which is movable in a scanning
- 14 direction while holding the mask or the substrate,
- 15 respectively; and
- 16 a interferometer operatively connected to the stage
- 17 and which outputs a measurement value corresponding to
- 18 positional information of the stage in the scanning
- 19 direction;
- 20 wherein a stop timing of the output of the trigger
- 21 signals is controlled based on the measurement value from
- 22 the interferometer.

- 1 3. A scanning exposure method in which a substrate is
- 2 exposed by synchronously moving a mask and the substrate,
- 3 the method comprising:
- 4 emitting pulses of an exposure beam from a beam source
- 5 in response to trigger signals output at predetermined time
- 6 intervals;
- 7 moving a stage which holds the mask or the substrate
- 8 in a scanning direction;
- 9 measuring positional information of the stage in the
- 10 scanning direction using an interferometer which outputs a
- 11 measurement value corresponding to the positional
- 12 information of the stage; and
- determining a start timing of the output of the
- 14 trigger signals based on the measurement value from the
- 15 interferometer.
 - 4. A scanning exposure method according to claim 3,
 - 2 wherein the beam source emits the pulses of the exposure
 - 3 beam at a rated maximum frequency.
 - 1 5. A scanning exposure method according to claim 4,
 - 2 further comprising:

- adjusting a scanning speed of the stage in order to
- 4 supply the substrate with a target exposure amount.
- 6. A scanning exposure method according to claim 4,
- 2 further comprising:
- 3 adjusting intensity of the pulses in order to supply
- 4 the substrate with a target exposure amount.
- 7. A scanning exposure method according to claim 4,
- 2 further comprising:
- 3 adjusting a width in the scanning direction of an
- 4 illumination area to which the pulses are directed, in order
- 5 to supply the substrate with a target exposure amount.
- 1 8. A scanning exposure method in which a substrate is
- 2 exposed by synchronously moving a mask and the substrate,
- 3 the method comprising:
- 4 emitting pulses of an exposure beam in response to
- 5 trigger signals output at predetermined time intervals;
- 6 moving a stage which holds the mask or the substrate
- 7 in a scanning direction;
- 8 measuring positional information of the stage in the
- 9 scanning direction using an interferometer which outputs a

- 10 measurement value corresponding to the positional
- 11 information of the stage; and
- 12 determining a stop timing of the output of the trigger
- 13 signals based on the measurement value from the
- 14 interferometer.
 - 9. A scanning exposure method according to claim 8,
- 2 wherein the beam source emits the pulses of the exposure
- 3 beam at a rated maximum frequency.
- 1 10. A scanning exposure method according to claim 8,
- 2 further comprising:
- 3 adjusting a scanning speed of the stage in order to
- 4 supply the substrate with a target exposure amount.
- 1 11. A scanning exposure method according to claim 8,
- 2 further comprising:
- 3 adjusting intensity of the pulses in order to supply
- 4 the substrate with a target exposure amount.
- 1 12. A scanning exposure method according to claim 8,
- 2 further comprising:
- 3 adjusting a width in the scanning direction of an

- 4 illumination area to which the pulses are directed, in order
- 5 to supply the substrate with a target exposure amount.
- 1 13. A laser apparatus used with a scanning exposure
- 2 system in which a mask and a substrate are moved during
- 3 scanning exposure of the substrate, the laser apparatus
- 4 comprising:
- a beam source which emits pulses of an exposure beam
- 6 in response to trigger signals output at predetermined time
- 7 intervals; and
- 8 wherein a start timing of the output of the trigger
- 9 signals is controlled based on a measurement value from an
- 10 interferometer which measures positional information of the
- 11 mask or the substrate.
 - 1 14. A laser apparatus used with a scanning exposure
 - 2 system in which a mask and a substrate are moved during
 - 3 scanning exposure of the substrate, the laser apparatus
 - 4 comprising:
 - 5 a beam source which emits pulses of an exposure beam
 - 6 in response to trigger signals output at predetermined time
 - 7 intervals; and
 - 8 wherein a stop timing of the output of the trigger

- 9 signals is controlled based on a measurement value from an
- 10 interferometer which measures positional information of the
- 11 mask or the substrate.
 - 1 15. A device manufacturing method including scanning
 - 2 exposure process in which a substrate is exposed by
- 3 synchronously moving a mask and the substrate, the method
- 4 comprising:
- 5 emitting pulses of an exposure beam from a beam source
- 6 in response to trigger signals output at predetermined time
- 7 intervals;
- 8 moving a stage which holds the mask or the substrate
- 9 in a scanning direction;
- 10 measuring positional information of the stage in the
- 11 scanning direction using an interferometer which outputs a
- 12 measurement value corresponding to the positional
- 13 information of the stage; and
- 14 determining a start timing of the output of the
- 15 trigger signals based on the measurement value from the
- 16 interferometer.
 - 1 16. A device manufacturing method including scanning
 - 2 exposure process in which a substrate is exposed by

- 3 synchronously moving a mask and the substrate, the method
- 4 comprising:
- 5 emitting pulses of an exposure beam from a beam source
- 6 in response to trigger signals output at predetermined time
- 7 intervals;
- 8 moving a stage which holds the mask or the substrate
- 9 in a scanning direction;
- 10 measuring positional information of the stage in the
- 11 scanning direction using an interferometer which outputs a
- 12 measurement value corresponding to the positional
- 13 information of the stage; and
- 14 determining a stop timing of the output of the trigger
- 15 signals based on the measurement value from the
- 16 interferometer.